

# SITIME CORPORATION

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES

(Updated October 31, 2024)

### A. The Roles of the Board of Directors and Management

1. *The Board of Directors* — The business of SiTime Corporation (the “**Company**”) is conducted under the oversight of the Board of Directors (the “**Board**”). The Board selects the Chief Executive Officer (the “**CEO**”) and delegates to the CEO the authority and responsibility to manage the Company’s day-to-day operations. The Board serves as elected representatives of the stockholders, acts as an advisor and counselor to the CEO and senior management, and oversees management performance on behalf of stockholders.
2. *Management* — The CEO and senior management are responsible for running the Company’s business operations.

### B. Board Composition and Leadership

1. *Chairperson of the Board* — The Board shall appoint the Chairperson. The Board shall evaluate whether the positions of Chairperson and CEO should be held by the same person and, from time to time in the future, shall consider then-current and relevant circumstances in deciding whether the separation of the positions of Chairperson and CEO is in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders. The Board has determined that, at any time when the title of Chairperson is held by an employee director, or there is no current Chairperson, one of the Company’s independent directors should serve as the lead independent director (“**Lead Independent Director**”).
2. *Lead Independent Director* — If the Chairperson of the Board is an independent director, then the Chairperson shall also serve as the Lead Independent Director. If the Chairperson of the Board is not an independent director, the Board shall appoint an independent director to serve as the Board’s Lead Independent Director. The primary responsibilities of the Lead Independent Director include presiding at all meetings of the Board at which the Chairperson of the Board is not present, including executive sessions of the independent directors; and serving as a liaison between the Chairperson of the Board and/or the CEO and the independent directors. The Lead Independent Director also has the authority to call meetings of the independent directors of the Board or meetings of the Board.
3. *Size of the Board* — The Board’s policy is that the number of directors should not exceed a number that can function effectively. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee considers and makes recommendations to the Board concerning the appropriate size of the Board, subject to any limitations set forth in the certificate of incorporation or the bylaws.

4. *Board Independence* — The Board believes in having a majority of independent directors on the Board. As such, a majority of the directors shall be “independent directors” as defined by the rules promulgated by the Nasdaq Stock Market and shall satisfy all applicable independence requirements under the federal securities laws or rules thereunder.
5. *Board Membership Criteria* — The Board’s objective is that its membership be composed of a diverse group of experienced and dedicated individuals. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for identifying, evaluating, recruiting, and recommending qualified candidates to the Board for nomination or election. In identifying candidates for membership on the Board, this committee takes into account all factors it considers appropriate, including character, judgment, leadership, business acumen, diversity of backgrounds, perspectives, skills, age, gender, race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, professional experience, the ability of the candidate to devote sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company, knowledge of or experience in the industry in which the Company operates in, and the extent to which a particular candidate would fill a present or anticipated need on the Board. Accordingly, when evaluating candidates for nomination as new directors, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will consider the foregoing factors and will include both underrepresented races and ethnicities and different genders in the pool of candidates that are considered. If the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee chooses to engage a search firm, it will instruct such search firm to include both underrepresented races and ethnicities and different genders in the initial pool of qualified candidates.

Candidates for membership on the Board will be reviewed in the context of the existing membership of the Board (including the qualities and skills of the existing directors), the operating requirements of the Company, the long-term interests of stockholders, and applicable laws and regulations.

Considering the foregoing criteria, a director’s qualifications are reviewed at least each time the director is re-nominated for Board membership.

6. *Election of Directors.* The Board, with the assistance of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, will be responsible for filling vacancies on the Board and nominating members for election to the Board by our stockholders at the annual meeting of stockholders or other similar meeting. The nominees for director receiving the highest number of votes at an annual meeting of stockholders or other similar meeting will be elected to the Board. However, if the number of shares voted “against” or “withheld” exceeds 50% of the number of votes cast with respect to a director’s election, such director must promptly tender his or her resignation. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee shall recommend to the Board for nomination or election, and the Board shall nominate or elect, only candidates who agree to tender, promptly following the annual meeting at which they are elected or re-elected as director, irrevocable resignations that will be effective if (i) a majority of the votes cast for the director are marked “against” or

“withheld” at the next annual meeting at which he or she faces re-election and (ii) the Board accepts such resignation. The Board expects each director to have tendered such an irrevocable resignation.

If a majority of the votes cast for a director are marked “against” or “withheld” in an uncontested election, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will act on an expedited basis to determine whether the director’s resignation should be accepted and to make a recommendation to the Board. The Board shall promptly consider that recommendation and shall make the final determination whether to accept the resignation. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and the Board may consider any factors they deem relevant in deciding whether to accept such resignation, including, as they deem appropriate, any stated reasons why stockholders withheld votes from such director, whether the underlying cause or causes for the withheld votes are curable, the total number of shares voting and the number of broker non-votes, the director’s tenure, the director’s qualifications, the director’s past and expected future contributions to the Company, and the overall composition of the Board, including whether accepting the resignation would cause the Company to fail to meet any applicable requirements of The Nasdaq Stock Market or the federal securities laws or rules thereunder.

The Company will publicly disclose (by a press release, a filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or other broadly disseminated means of communication) the Board’s decision and the rationale behind the decision within ninety (90) days from the date of the certification of election results.

The Board expects the director whose resignation is under consideration to abstain from participating in any decision regarding such resignation. If such director is a member of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and does not agree to abstain from participating in the committee’s deliberations and decision regarding such resignation, then the committee shall act through a sub-committee consisting of one or more members who did not fail to receive the required vote in the election. If such director does not agree to abstain from participating in the Board’s deliberations and decision regarding such resignation, then the Board shall act through a special committee consisting entirely of directors who did not receive a majority of votes marked “against” or “withheld” in the election.

7. *Change in a Director’s Principal Occupation or Board Service* — When a director’s principal occupation or business affiliation, including service on a corporate board of directors, changes during his or her tenure as a director, other than as a result of normal retirement, then the director should notify the chair of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee so that the committee may evaluate the appropriateness of the director’s continued service under such circumstances. If the chair of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee has a change in her or his principal occupation or business affiliation, she or he shall notify the other members of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. The Board, excluding the applicable director, will determine whether to request that director to resign if the Board receives such a

recommendation from the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee (excluding the applicable director, if a Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee member).

8. *Service on Other For-Profit Boards* — Independent directors are encouraged to evaluate carefully the time required to serve on other boards, taking into account board and committee meeting attendance, preparation, participation and effectiveness on these boards. Independent directors should advise the chair of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee (or the other members of such committee when the chair is considering an invitation to serve on another board) before accepting an invitation to serve on another board to permit the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee to evaluate whether any regulatory issues or potential conflicts are raised by the director accepting such an invitation and to confirm that the director will continue to have the time required for preparation, participation and attendance at Board and Board committee meetings. An independent director shall not serve on more than four public company boards, not including the SiTime board of directors, without approval of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. An independent director who is an executive officer of another public company may not serve on more than two public company boards, including the SiTime board of directors, without approval of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee.
9. *Board Compensation Review* — The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will periodically review the compensation of non-employee directors and is responsible for recommending to the Board changes in compensation for non-employee directors. Directors who are employees of the Company shall receive no additional remuneration for serving on the Board.
10. *Risk Assessment* — The Board shall maintain oversight of the Company's risk management processes. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee shall periodically evaluate the Company's risk management process and system in light of the nature of the material risks the Company faces and the adequacy of the Company's policies and procedures designed to address risk and shall recommend to the Board any changes deemed appropriate by such committee. The Compensation and Talent Committee shall periodically evaluate whether there are any risks arising from the Company's compensation policies for all employees and overall actual compensation practices that are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company and shall recommend to the Board any changes deemed appropriate by such committee. The Audit Committee shall periodically assess any major financial risk exposures and the steps management has taken to monitor and control such exposures, including the Company's policies with respect to financial risk assessment and financial risk management. To the extent risk oversight is a focus of one or more committees of the Board, those committees shall report key findings periodically to the full Board.
11. *Board's Interaction with Stakeholders* — The CEO is responsible for establishing effective communications with the Company's stakeholders, including

stockholders, customers, employees, communities, suppliers, creditors, governments, and corporate partners. It is the policy of the Board that management speaks for the Company, although Board members may speak with stakeholders on certain matters from time to time as appropriate.

12. *Director Orientation and Continuing Education* — The Company shall provide directors with an orientation and education program to familiarize them with the Company's business operations and plans, industry trends, and corporate governance practices, as well as ongoing education on issues facing the Company and on subjects that would assist the directors in discharging their duties.
13. *Stock Ownership Guidelines* - In order to align the interests of the Board and executive officers with the Company's stockholders, the Board believes that Board members and executive officers (as determined by the Board) of the Company should hold an equity stake in the Company. As of December 31, 2024, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company is required to hold a number of shares of the Company's common stock with a value equal to five (5) times his annual base salary. As of December 31, 2024, all other executive officers of the Company are required to hold a number of shares of the Company's common stock with a value equal to (1) time his or her annual base salary. As of December 31, 2024, members of the Board (who are not officers of the Company) are required to hold a number of shares of the Company's common stock with a value equal to five (5) times the directors' annual base cash compensation for service on the Board. As of December 31, 2026, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company is required to hold a number of shares of the Company's common stock with a value equal to six (6) times his or her annual base salary. All other executive officers of the Company are required to hold a number of shares of the Company's common stock with a value equal to two (2) times his or her annual base salary as of December 31, 2026, and are required to hold a number of shares of the Company's common stock with a value equal to three (3) times his or her annual base salary as of December 31, 2028. Members of the Board (who are not officers of the Company) are required to hold a number of shares of the Company's common stock with a value equal to six (6) times the directors' annual base cash compensation for service on the Board as of December 31, 2026. Notwithstanding the foregoing, each member of the Board and executive officer of the Company shall have four (4) years from his or her appointment as a Board member or executive officer of the Company to comply with these Stock Ownership Guidelines, and in the event an executive officer is promoted to Chief Executive Officer, he or she shall have three (3) years to comply with the additional holding requirement (the "Phase-In Period"). The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee in its discretion may extend a Phase-In Period or make other exceptions in the event of financial hardship or other appropriate circumstances, including in the event of the Board member or executive officer ceasing to be in compliance as a result of a decrease in the price of the Company's common stock. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will review compliance with the Stock Ownership Guidelines at least annually. For purposes of determining compliance with these Stock Ownership Guidelines, stock ownership includes all shares of Company common stock owned outright or held

in trust for the Board member or executive officer and his or her immediate family as well as vested restricted stock units; however, unvested restricted stock unit awards shall not be included in the calculation. Notwithstanding any provisions of these Stock Ownership Guidelines, all Board members and executive officers must always comply with the terms of the SiTime Insider Trading Policy.

### C. Board Operations

1. *Selection of Agenda Items for Board Meetings* — The Chairperson, in consultation with the CEO, and where those positions are combined, in consultation with the Lead Independent Director as appropriate, sets the agenda for each Board meeting. At least once each year, the Board will focus on the Company's strategic plan and on the following year's capital and operating budgets. Members of the Board are encouraged to suggest the inclusion of items on any Board or committee agenda.
2. *Board and Committee Materials Distributed in Advance* — Board members should receive materials related to agenda items sufficiently in advance of Board and Board committee meetings so that the directors may prepare to discuss the items at the meeting. When appropriate, sensitive subject matters may be discussed at a meeting without advance distribution of written materials to the Board or Board committee.
3. *Director Responsibilities* — Directors must exercise their business judgment to act in the best interests of the stockholders and the Company. In discharging this obligation, directors reasonably may rely on the Company's senior executives and its advisors and auditors. Directors are expected to attend and participate in all meetings of the Board and of committees on which they serve, and to spend the time needed and to prepare for and meet as frequently as necessary to discharge their responsibilities.
4. *Board Presentations and Access to Employees* — Members of senior management may be invited to attend part or all of a Board or Board committee meeting in order to participate in discussions. Generally, the executive responsible for an area of the Company's operations the Board or Board committee is to consider makes the presentation. Board members have complete access to all other members of management and Company employees.
5. *Board Access to Independent Advisors* — The Board and its committees may seek advice from outside advisors as appropriate.
6. *Executive Sessions of Independent Directors* — Independent directors will regularly meet outside the presence of non-independent directors, but no fewer than two times per year. Independent director discussions may include such topics as the independent directors determine. The independent directors generally do not take formal action at these sessions but make recommendations for consideration by the full Board, except in the case of items such as CEO compensation that must be approved by independent directors only. In addition, director meetings will be

held with the CEO, but not other members of management, for a general discussion of relevant subject matters.

#### **D. Board Committees**

1. *Committees* — The current committees are the Audit, Compensation and Talent, and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committees. The Board may form, merge or dissolve committees from time to time as appropriate.
2. *Assignment and Term of Service of Committee Members* — The Board is responsible for the appointment of committee members and chairs based on recommendations of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. Every year, the Board shall elect the members of each committee and shall make the determination that at least one of the members of the Audit Committee meets the Audit Committee financial expert requirements.
3. *Agenda, Frequency, Length, and Reports of Committee Meetings* — The chair of each committee approves the agenda and length of each committee meeting and determines the frequency of meetings. The committee chairs will report a summary of their meetings to the Board at the next regularly scheduled Board meeting following such committee meetings.
4. *Membership* — Only independent directors may serve on the Audit, Compensation and Talent, and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committees, subject to any available exemptions under the applicable rules that the Board deems appropriate under the circumstances.
5. *Responsibilities* — The Board, upon the recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, has adopted written charters for each of the Audit, Compensation and Talent, and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committees, which set forth the full authority and responsibilities of those committees. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee periodically reviews the responsibilities of each committee.
6. *Charter Review* — On an annual basis the members of each committee shall review and assess the adequacy of their respective charters. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee shall also review and assess the adequacy of the Audit Committee Charter, the Compensation and Talent Committee Charter, the Board's Corporate Governance Guidelines, and any other charter or policy as such committee may be directed by the Board.

#### **E. Board and Management Evaluation**

1. *Formal Evaluation of the CEO and Other Officers* — The Compensation and Talent Committee shall review corporate goals and individual goals and objectives relevant to the compensation of the Company's CEO and other executive officers of the Company. The Compensation and Talent Committee shall also evaluate the

CEO's performance and the CEO's evaluation of the other executive officers' performance in light of such goals and objectives at least annually and communicate the results to the CEO and the Board. Based on such evaluation, the Compensation and Talent Committee shall approve the compensation for the CEO and the other executive officers as set forth in the Compensation and Talent Committee Charter. The CEO may not be present during the discussion or approval of his or her compensation, but may be present during discussion and approval of, but may not vote on, compensation of the other executive officers.

2. *Board Self-Assessment* — The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee shall review on an annual basis the functioning and effectiveness of the Board and its committees. The committee oversees the self-evaluation of the Board and its committees performed by the individual members of the Board and, to the extent the committee deems appropriate, recommends changes to increase the effectiveness of the Board and its committees.
3. *Succession Planning* — The Board, with the assistance of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, plans the succession to the position of CEO and certain other senior management positions. To assist the Board and the committee, the CEO annually assesses senior managers and their succession potential. The CEO also provides the Board and the committee with an assessment of persons considered potential successors to certain senior management positions.
4. *Management Development* — The CEO should provide an annual report to the Board on the Company's program for management development.

#### **F. Periodic Review of Guidelines**

These Corporate Governance Guidelines are subject to periodic review and update by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and any revisions shall be approved by the Board.